

TERMS.
If paid strictly in ADVANCE, - \$1 75
If not paid in advance, - - - 2 00
At the end of the year, - - - 3 50

DR. A. B. DUKE
OFFERS his professional services to the
citizens of Georgetown and vicinity.
He has removed his office to Main street be-
tween the Livery Stable and Georgetown
Hotel, with Dr. Keene, where he can be found
during the day; at night he can be found at
the Georgetown Hotel.
Jan 26, 1854

TEXAS
REAL ESTATE BROKERAGE
Collecting & Land Agency.
RAYMOND, FREEMAN & Co., ATTOR-
NEYS-AT-LAW, AUSTIN CITY, TEXAS. HOMES
IN TEXAS AND LAND INVESTMENTS obtained
through this agency. Full particulars of the
OF TEXAS RESOURCES. Registers of land for sale in
all parts of the state, full exhibits of title and
accurate descriptions; also registers of town and
city lots. Lands located bought and sold.
Claims against the STATE or INDIVIDUALS col-
lected and adjusted, and remittances made by
exchange on New Orleans or any of the north-
ern cities, if desired. A thorough and intelli-
gent knowledge of the country and the land
system insures superior locations and the best
titles. Strangers looking at Texas may al-
ways have some leading items and useful
hints at the office of this agency.
Registers open for examination.
Office on Congress Avenue.
D. C. FREEMAN, JR., N. C. RAYMOND, G. R.
FREEMAN.
June 29, 1854-16-by.

REVOLUTION IN TEXAS.
It will be remembered, that, in the begin-
ning of her revolution, in 1836, Texas of-
fered large bounties in land to volunteers to
serve in her armies.
We can now offer, to the survivors, and
heirs of those who thus served, the recovery of
all the lands promised by the Government of
Texas. We are also prepared to prosecute all
Texas land claims regardless of date or char-
acter, whether Spanish, Mexican, or American
Bounty, Script, or Headright. Having com-
plete access to the Muster rolls, Maps, Records,
and other documents in the Public Offices at
Austin city, we enjoy superior advantages for
investigations of all kinds in regard to claims.
We will give particular attention to the re-
covery of LANDS illegally sold, for taxes or
otherwise, and to estates which have suffered
from inattention or mismanagement of agents
or administrators.
To persons having LAND CERTIFICATES FOR LO-
CATION, we can offer particular inducements.
Our thorough and intimate knowledge of the
vacant lands and surveys of the state, obtained
from personal inspection, insures the most fa-
vorable locations, and close attention to the
L. N. SYSTEM and an accurate knowledge of
the different classes of titles, together with the
large amount of land registered in our office
for sale, enables us to furnish prompt and re-
liable information, and assistance to persons
desiring good homes, and to afford superior ad-
vantages to those wishing to make safe and
PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS.
We are offering for SALE LANDS in every part
of the state—improved and unimproved, of
every variety, and in tracts to suit purchasers;
also town and city lots—in short every kind of
real estate on the most favorable terms.
To persons having land in Texas for sale, we
would say, that we keep books, in which are
registered descriptions (furnished by the owners,
or obtained by personal inspection) and full
exhibits of title &c., of all tracts to be sold, thus
furnishing a cheap and effective mode of adver-
tisement. If desired, we will examine land in
any part of the state, ascertain its value, and re-
port faithfully. Registering for one dollar.
We invite the attention of MERCHANTS
nurses, and individuals to our office as fur-
nishing a speedy and effective mode of collect-
ing.
By activity, energy, and fidelity to the in-
terests of our employers we hope to merit the
confidence of the business public.
Office on Congress Avenue.
RAYMOND, FREEMAN, & Co.,
June 29, 1854-16-by.

G. E. PREWITT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
GEORGETOWN, KY.
RESPECTFULLY solicits business in the
Courts of Scott and adjoining counties.
Special attention will be given to collection of
debts.
Office on Main street, over the store occu-
pied by Judge Stevenson.
July 20, 1854-19-6m.*

Lithography and Engraving.
MIDDLETON, WALLACE & CO.,
No. 115 Walnut Street
CINCINNATI.
MAPS, BONDS, CERTIFICATES
VIEWS, PORTRAITS, CARDS, &c.
ENGRAVED AND PRINTED IN THE
BEST STYLE, AND ON SHORT
NOTICE.
ORDERS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
N. B. 150 Steel Plates on hand for Magazines,
Books &c., impressions from which we
will supply on reasonable terms.
Sept. 21, 1854-28-6m.

\$10,000 WORTH
OF
CARRIAGES
AT COST!!
H. W. CHANEY, determined to discon-
nect myself from the Carriage Business in
view of engaging another in this place, I offer
my stock of work at cost; which consists of the
Latest and most Approved Styles
of my own selection in the East, this season,
and which is equal if not superior to any other
lot in the State.
The public now have an opportunity to get
a first-rate article at the lowest possible price.
TERMS—CASH OR ITS EQUIVA-
LENT.
A. W. FORWARD.
Oct. 26, 1854-33-11.

Flour and Meal.
BEST Flour and Meal always on hand and
for sale by
J. E. APPLGATE.
Jan 19, 1854-45-ly.

GEORGETOWN HERALD.

The Press is for the diffusion of Knowledge: to accomplish its Mission it must be free from all despotism of Party or Prej. etc.

VOLUME X.—No. 41.

SCOTT COUNTY, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 21, 1854.

WHOLE NUMBER 509.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT
OF
GEORGETOWN COLLEGE.
WILL OPEN ON THE
3D MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT.
N. B. WALLER, A. M., Principal.

THE services of Mr. WALLER have been
permanently secured. He brings with
him a reputation as an accomplished and suc-
cessful instructor of youth, warranting the be-
lief that no institution can surpass this in all
that is necessary to prepare young men for
College most thoroughly or to lay the founda-
tion for a substantial and well ordered edu-
cation.
Terms per session of 5 months—in advance
Tuition in Primary Department, - - - \$10 00
Higher Branches - - - - - 15 00
Additional charges for fuel, &c., - - - 1 00
Payment made to the Principal or the Treas-
urer of the College. F. C. McALLA,
Aug 18-1853. Sec. Ex. Com.

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE,
KENTUCKY.
THIS Institution occupies a high rank
among Western Colleges. Its Library,
Cabinet, Museum, and apparatus are unsur-
passed. Its literary course is the same as that
of Yale College, while its scientific course
embraces all the best portions of the course at
West Point.
For young men designed for practical busi-
ness there is a course of three years in which
a thorough knowledge is imparted in agricul-
tural Chemistry, Physiology, Zoology, Practi-
cal Engineering, Principles of Commerce, and
Book Keeping. In this practical feature the
College is believed to be unequalled. Its high
aim is to furnish American scholars, and A-
merican business men. The rapidly increas-
ing number of Students in attendance is proof
of its high rank and efficiency.
This seat of learning is no mere experiment,
whose permanence is doubtful, and whose dip-
loma is therefore of uncertain value. It is
in a position to exercise and maintain a whole-
some discipline without the fear of extinguish-
ment; and to require of its students every
thing scholarly and manly in their deportment.
It has boarding arrangements adapted to all
classes of students; and so adjusted as to
avoid the dangers inseparable from the prac-
tice of crowding 150 or 200 young men into
one building. Students for the ministry can
board for about \$40 per College year.—
Others of known good moral habits, for about
\$65 or 70; while those who may prefer board-
ing in private families can do so at from \$80
to 100. No student is allowed to board in any
family but such as the Faculty shall approve;
and a strict but kind supervision is exercised
by the faculty over every student where-
ver he may board.
The scholastic year is divided into two
sessions. The first commences on the third
Monday in September; the second, on the first
Monday in February.
COMMENCEMENT DAY
Occurs on the last Thursday in June. Tuition
\$20 per session.
The annual catalogue may be had by ap-
plication to the President, Rev. D. R. CAMP-
bell L. L. D. S. F. GANO,
Sept 16 1852 29-11.

LIVER COMPLAINT,
Dyspepsia,
JAUNDICE,
CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DE-
BILITY, DISEASE OF THE
KIDNEYS, AND ALL DISEASES
ARISING FROM A DISOR-
DERED LIVER OR STOMACH;
Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of
Blood to the Head, Acidity on the Stomach,
Nausea, Heartburn, Digest for Food, Full-
ness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eruc-
tations, Sinking, Scurvy, Swelling of the
Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Hurr-
ried and Difficult Breathing, Flushing at
the Heart, Choking or Suffocating sensa-
tions when in a lying posture, Dimne-
ness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight,
Sweat or Dull Pain in the Head, Deficien-
cy of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin,
Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs,
&c., Sudden Flushes of Heat Burning in
the Flesh, Constant Imaginations of evil, and
Great Depression of Spirits.
CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY
DR. HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS.
PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON,
No. 120 Arch street, Philadelphia.
Their power over the above diseases is not
exceeded, if equalled, by any other prepara-
tion in the United States, as the cures attest,
in many cases after skillful physicians had
failed.
These Bitters are worthy the attention of in-
valids. Possessing great virtues in the rectifi-
cation of diseases of the Liver and lesser
glands, exercising the most searching powers
in weakness and affections of the digestive or-
gans, they are, without a rival, certain and pleas-
ant.
READ AND BE CONVINCED.
H. W. CHANEY, Millersburg, Ky., Oct. 16,
1852, said: "Having sold your Bitters some
time, I find it has given satisfaction in every
instance that has come under my notice."
Nelson & Edwards, Salina, Ky., June 24,
1851, said: "We rejoice to inform you that this
justly celebrated medicine has fully main-
tained the exalted reputation which has been giv-
en it, and having tested its virtues we unhesi-
tatingly say it eminently deserves it."
J. T. & J. W. Berry, Uniontown, Ky.,
July 21, 1852, said: "We have heard of many
cures performed by the use of Dr. Hoofland's
German Bitters, and believe it to be a valuable
medicine."
J. Grant Irvine, Ky., June 26, '52, said:
"We have succeeded in introducing your Hoof-
land Bitters, physicians and others purchase
them by the half dozen and dozen."
Dr. P. Fatio & Bro., Knoxville, Tenn.,
April 9, 1851, said: "Your Bitters are now
selling very fast, and every person that has
used it, so far as we have been able to learn,
has been benefited."
These Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, they
invigorate and strengthen the system, never
prostrate it, and can be used for infants as
well as adults.
For sale by respectable dealers everywhere.
Sold by T. S. Barkley & Co. Georgetown,
and by Dealers in Medicines every where,
Jan 19, 1854-45-ly.

CARTER'S
SPANISH MIXTURE:



The Great Purifier of the
Blood!
Not a particle of Mercury in it.
AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR SCROFULA, King's
Evil, Rheumatism, Obsolete Cutaneous
Eruptions, Pimples or Pastules on the Face,
Blotches, Boils, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring
Worm, or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement
and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn
Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal
Complaints, and all Diseases arising
from an impure blood of Mercury, Im-
pudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.
This valuable Medicine, which has become
celebrated for the number of extraordinary
cures effected through its agency, has induced
the proprietors, at the urgent request of their
friends, to offer it to the public, which they do
with the utmost confidence in its virtues and
wonderful curative properties. The following
certificates, selected from a large number, are,
however, stronger testimony than the mere
word of the proprietors; and are all from gen-
tlemen well known in their localities, and of
the highest respectability, many of them now
residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia.
F. BOYDEN, Esq., of the Exchange Hotel,
Richmond, known every where, says he has
seen the Medicine called CARTER'S SPANISH
MIXTURE administered in over a hundred cases
in nearly all the diseases for which it is re-
commended, with the most astonishingly good
results. He says it is the most extraordinary
medicine he has ever seen.
ACQUE AND FEVER—GREAT CURE.—I
heretofore certify, that for three years I had Ague
and Fever of the most violent description. I
had several Physicians, took large quantities
of Quinine, Mercury, and I believe all the
Tonics advertised, but all without any perma-
nent relief. At last I tried CARTER'S SPANISH
MIXTURE, two bottles of which effectually
cured me, and I am happy to say I have had
neither Chills or Fevers since. I consider it
the best Tonic in the world, and the only medi-
cine that ever reached my case.
JOHN LONGDEN.
Beaver Dam, near Richmond, Va.
C. B. LUCK, Esq., now in the city of Rich-
mond, and for many years in the Post Office,
has such confidence in the astonishing efficacy
of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE, that he has
bought upwards of 50 bottles, which he has
given away to the afflicted. Mr. Luck says he
has never known it to fail when taken accord-
ing to directions.
Dr. MINCE, a practising Physician, and
formerly of the City Hotel, in the city of Rich-
mond, says he has witnessed in a number of
instances the effects of CARTER'S SPANISH
MIXTURE, which were most truly surprising. He
says in a case of Consumption, dependent on
the Liver, the good effects were wonderful in
deed.
SAMUEL M. DRINKER, of the firm of
Drinker & Morris, Richmond, was cured of
Liver complaint of 8 years standing, by the
use of two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.
GREAT CURE OF SCROFULA.—The Editors
of the Richmond Republican had a ser-
vant employed in their press room, cured of
violent Scrofula, combined with Rheumatism,
which entirely disabled him from work. Two
bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture made a
perfect cure of him, and the Editors, in a pub-
lic notice, say they cheerfully recommend it
to all who are afflicted with any disease of the
blood.
STILL ANOTHER CURE OF SCROFULA.—
I had a very valuable boy cured of Scrofula
by Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it a
truly valuable medicine. JAMES M. TAY-
LOR, Conductor on the R. F. & P. R. Co.,
Richmond, Va.
SALT RHEUM OF 20 YEARS STANDING
CURED.
MR. JOHN THOMPSON, residing in the
city of Richmond, was cured by three bottles
of Carter's Spanish Mixture, of Salt Rheum,
which he had nearly 20 years, and which all
the physicians of the city could not cure. Mr.
Thompson is a well known merchant in the
city of Richmond, Va., and his cure is most
remarkable.
WM. A. MATTHEWS, of Richmond, Va.,
had a servant cured of Syphilis, in the worst
form, by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He says
he cheerfully recommends it, and considers it
an invaluable medicine.
RICHARD E. WEST, of Richmond, was
cured of Scrofula, and what Physicians called
confirmed Consumption, by three bottles of
Carter's Spanish Mixture.
EDWARD BURTON, Commissioner of the
Revenue, says he has seen the good effects of
Carter's Spanish Mixture in a number of
Syphilitic cases, and says it is a perfect cure
for that horrible disease.
WM. G. HARWOOD, of Richmond, Va.,
cured of Old Sores and Ulcers, which disabled
him from walking. Took a few bottles of
Carter's Spanish Mixture, and was enabled to
walk without a crutch, in a short time perma-
nently cured.
Principal Depots at M. WARD, CLOSE &
Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York.
T. W. DYOTT & SONS, No. 142 North
2d Street, Philadelphia.
BENNETT & BEERS, No. 125 Main Street,
Richmond Va.
And for sale by TH'S S. BARKLEY & Co
Georgetown and by Dealers in Medicines
every where.
Jan 19, 1854-45-ly.

Country Produce Wanted.
GROCERIES exchanged for any amount
of Bacon Lard, and Tallow, for which
the highest market price will be given. Farm-
ers, bring in your Produce!
March 3. J. E. APPLGATE.
Liquors.
75 BBL'S Whisky, various ages;
Old Peach Brandy;
Fine Foreign Brandy and Wines, for sale,
very low, by
J. E. APPLGATE.
March 3

SKY-LIGHT
GALLERY OF ART!
S. T. BANCROFT.

HAS fitted up a PORTRAIT GALLERY, two
doors below his former studio. The ad-
dies are especially invited to call and examine
closely and critically the beauty that decorates
his walls. Ladies you cannot show your lovely
faces in his room too frequently. Come often
and fail not to bring your friends. All gen-
tlemen who have a love for the beautiful are cor-
dially invited to his Gallery. Mothers, would
you have ever present with you your darling
children as they now appear? Get their por-
traits—Children would you have your parents' por-
traits as a rallying point around which the af-
fections can gather when time shall have ef-
faced from your memory the brightness of
your mother's smile, the approving looks of a
fond father?—Get them painted. Young Wives
your husband's beauty like the flowers plucked
and exposed to the sun, will surely fade.
Husbands defer not too long the time that
your wife shall sit for their portraits—It is
so difficult to foretell the future. There is
such an uncertainty in human affairs; a word
to the wise is sufficient.
March 9 1854-52-11.

LEXINGTON & GEORGETOWN.
ACCOMMODATION LINE!
THE undersigned would respect-
fully inform his friends and the
public that he is now running his new and
commodious
SPACE
between Georgetown and Lexington on Mon-
days, Wednesdays and Fridays.
The stage leaves Georgetown at 7 A. M.
on each day.
Returning, leaves Lexington each day at 3 1/2
o'clock.
Fare each way 75 cents.
The stage can be hired for private excu-
sions on every other day in the week.
A share of public patronage is respectfully
solicited.
A. HAWKINS & Co.
Nov. 9, 1854-35-11.

THE IMPORTED BULL
PATHFINDER
WILL be permitted to serve a few fine
Cows at twenty five dollars to ensure a
cow with calf.
Not more than ten cows can be received be-
fore the first of July, as his engagements are
nearly complete up to that time.
In offering the services of this bull to the
breeders of fine blooded Cattle, we invite their
most critical attention to his pedigree, as being
if not unequalled, certainly unsurpassed
in the variety and purity of its crosses, by
that of any animal ever imported into Ameri-
ca.
His pedigree on the dam's side will be found
in the Kentucky Cattleman.
The pedigree of his sire are much too
long for insertion in any public print. We
will therefore only state now, that among his
most immediate Grandires in the Herd Book,
are to be found the names of such bulls, as
Buchan Hero (3238), SIR THOMAS FAIRFAX
(5196) Norfolk (2377) & Bates' second Hub-
back (1423) through whom he descends in a
direct line from Mr. Bates' celebrated COW-
DUGGESS list, the great original of what is
known as the "DUGGESS TRIBE" of short horns.
The Bulls named above were all winners of
prizes in England and accurate Engravings of
the first three are given in the Herd Book,
from which breeders may determine accurately
the merits and demerits of this strain of
stock.
The pedigree of his sire is peculiarly
exempt from the evils of too close breeding,
indeed no "in and in" cross can be found in
it, and we therefore have every reason to an-
ticipate vigor of constitution and symmetry of
form in his calves.
Cows sent from a distance will receive
every attention, but we will incur no liability
for accidents.
Scott County, Ky Jan 28th, 1854.
M. B. WEBB,
R. F. FORD,
Feb. 2, 1854-47-11

DR. J. G. HAMILL,
DENTIST.
OFFICE—On Hamilton Street, oppo-
site the Methodist Church
Nov 24, 1853-11.
NOTICE
THE death of Mr. E. C. Rankins, one of
the firm of H. Rankins & Co., makes it
necessary to close the business of the concern
immediately; the subscribers therefore call on
all persons having unsettled notes and ac-
counts of 1852 and 1853, without fail, to call
and pay them, as we cannot give any further
indulgence. All claims unattended to will be
found in suit. We sincerely hope to be saved
so unpleasant a duty.
Aug 10, '54-22-11 H. RANKINS & CO.
Forwaded Cholera Medicine.
THE best and safest medicine known for
Diarrhoea and the epidemic stage of
Cholera, prepared and for sale in any quantity
by
T. S. BARKLEY & CO.
June 29, 1854-16-ly.

GENERAL
STAGE OFFICE.
GEORGETOWN HOTEL.
Leaves Lexington for Cincinnati Mon-
day, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 5
o'clock; arriving at Georgetown at 7, and re-
turning the alternate days. Fare \$100
The Georgetown and Franklin stage
leaves Georgetown every morning (save Sun-
day) at 4, returning same day. Fare \$1.00.
The Georgetown and Paris Stage leaves
Georgetown Monday, Wednesday and Friday
mornings, at 4, returning the same day. Fare
\$1.00.
Sept. 14, 1854-27-11.
"Come ye darkies all."
20 GRO. Blacking for sale at Louisville
and Cincinnati prices by
S. Y. KEENE.
Oct. 5, 1854-30-11.

THE HIGHEST MARKET
PRICE
WILL be paid in Groceries, Dry Goods,
or Cash for Butter, Lard, Hams, Eggs,
Turkeys and Chickens. S. Y. KEENE.
Oct. 5, 1854-30-11.
Wm. Mc DONALD is our ad-
vertising Agent for the city of New
York, and is authorized to contract
for advertisement according to rates:

For the Herald.
LIFE'S CHANGES.
BY DR. W. F. YATES.

I stood in the midst of a mirkful throng.
On a bright and beautiful day;
Whilst the merry laugh and jocund shout,
Were echoing far away.
The chandeliers that hung on high,
Shone out as the orb of day
Was slowly sinking in his western home,
Beneath the mountain's gray.
I saw a youth in the prime of life,
I heard him make a vow—
I could trace the marks of a lofty mind
Which were stamped on his youthful
brow.
He led to the altar a lovely bride,
With a mind so rich and free;
That I thought as she stood up by his side,
That none could lovelier be.
'Twas a glorious night, the moon so
bright,
Hung high in her heavenly home;
The stars above—with their rays of love,
Gilded the midnight throne.
As I gazed upon the youthful pair,
As joyful as ever could be—
I thought of the devious winding paths,
Of life's tempestuous sea.
I left them alone, in their cottage home,
Which stood by the river side;
That beautiful home, was well adorned,
By a happy, thrice happy bride.
The waving fields, and pastures green,
The flocks on the distant hill;
And glorious thoughts of a happy life,
With joy her heart did fill.
Five years have passed, since I met them
last.
In splendor and in pride;
When a thousand fair and happy ones,
Did greet the bonny bride.
I came, I saw, but not as when
As on that beautiful day;
That lovely form, looked so forlorn,
'Twas mouldering to decay.
That lovely form, and to look on,
Was the picture of distress;
For she was left, and now bereft,
Of her source of happiness.
For he who vowed to share the fate,
Of life's own billowy wave;
Lies cold and stiff, beneath the earth,
He fills a drunkard's grave.
STAMPING GROUND,
Nov. 20th, 1854.
From the 'Spirit of the Times.'

Sat Lovengood's Daddy acting
'Horse.'
BY S. Y. KEENE.
L. OF TENNESSEE.

'Hold that ere horse down to the enth.'
'He's a spraddlin' his tail to fly now.'
'Keep him whar he is.' 'Wo.' 'Wo.'
Shavetail.' 'He's a dancin' a jig.' 'Those,
and like expressions were addressed to a
queer looking, long-legged, short-bodied,
small-headed, white-haired, hog-eyed,
funny sort of a genius, fresh from some
bench-legged Jew's clothing store, and
mounted on 'Tearpoke,' a nick-tailed,
bow-necked, long, poor horse, half dandy,
half devil, and enveloped all over in a
perfect net-work of bridle reins, cruppers,
martingales, straps, cinchings, and red
ferretin, who had reined up in front of
Pat Nash's grocery, among a crowd of
wild mountaineers, full of fight and mean
whisky.
'I say, you durned ash cate, just keep
yer shirt on, will ye? You never seed
a rale horse till I rid up; Tarpoke is just
next to the best horse that ever shelled
nubbins, an' he's dead as a still worm,
poor old Ticktail.'
'What killed him, Sut?' says an anxious
inquirer.
'Why, nothin,' you 'tarnal fool; he just
died so, died a standin' up, at that.
Warnt that good pluck?—Froze stiff, no,
not, adzactly, but starved fust, and then
froze afterwards, so stiff that when dad
and me pushed him over, he just stuck
out so (spreading his arms and legs,) like
a carpenter's bench, an' we waited seven-
teen days for him to thaw afore we could
skin 'im. Well, thar we was—dad an'
me (counting on his fingers)—dad an'
me, and Sall, an' Jake, (Fool Jake we
called him, fur short) an' Jonass, an'
Phineass, and me, and Calline Jane, and
Sharlottean, and Simeon Saul, and Cash-
us Henry Clay, and Noah Dan Webster,
an' me, and the twin gals, and Cathrine
Second, and Cleopatra Antony, and Jane
Lind, and Tom Bullion, and the baby,
and the prospect, an' mam herself, all
left without ary horse to crap with. That
was a mess fur 'a speckable white family
to be slashin' about in, warnt it I be dog-
ged if I didn't fell like sorter stealin' a
horse sumtimes. Well, we waited, an'
rested, and wished, and waited, onil well
on into strawbery time, hopin some stray
horse mout come along, but dog my cat,
en'y such luck as that ever cums wear
dad is, he's so durned mean, and lazy
and ugly, and savage.
'Well one day, dad he lay awake all
nite, a snorin an' a rollin, and a blowin,
and a scratchin, and a whisperin at mam,
and nex mornin sez he, 'Sut, I'll tell you
what we'll do; I'll be boss mysef, and
pull the plough, while you drive me, and
we'll brake up corn ground, and then the
'old quilt' (that's mam) and the brain kin,
plant or let it alone, just as they d—n
please.' So out we goes to the pawpaw
thicket, and peat'd a rite year's chance of

bark an me an mam made geers for dud,
and they becum him mitty, then he
would hev a bridle, so I gits an old um-
breller, what I'd found, in a little forked
piece of iron, sorter like onto a pitchfork,
you know, an we bent an twisted it war-
ter into a bridle bit, small shape (dad
wanted a kurb, as he said he hadn't work
for sum time, an' mite sorter feel his oats
and go to cavortin') Well, when we got
the bridle all fixed on dad, he chomped
the bit jist like a boss. [he allers was a
most complicated, datted old fool, en'y
how, and mam allers sed so when he
warnt about,] then I put on the geers, an
out dad and me goes to the field, I a lead-
in dad by the bridle, and a totin the goph-
er plow on my back. When we cum to
the fence, I let down a gap, and it made
dad mad; he wanted to jump the fence on
all fours, horse way. I hitched him onto
the gopher, and away we went, dad lea-
in forard to his pullin right peart, and we
made sharp plowin, dad goin rite over
the sprouts and bushes same as a rale
boss, the only difference was he went on
two legs. Presently we cum to a sass-
frac bush, and dud, to keep up his kar-
acter as a boss, bulged squar into it, and
thru it, and tore down a honest nest high
onto as big as a boss's head, and all the
tribe kivered him rite strate.—He rared
an kicked once or twice, an focted a
sneal was nor ary hose in the desierit,
and sot into runnin away, jist as natral as
ever you seed. I let go the lines and
holler'd, 'Woa, dwn!' but yer mout
as well hav sed 'woa' to a locomotive.
Gehwillcans! how he run! When he
cum to a bush, he'd clar the top of it,
gopher and all; praps he thot thar mout
be another settlement of bald honets in it,
and that it war safer to go over than thru,
and quicker dwn; every now an then he'd
paw the sides of his hod with lust one
fore leg and then tother, then he'd gin
himsel a open handed slap, that sounded
like a waggin whip, an a runnin all the
time, an a karrin that gopher jist about
as fast as a high from the yearth as ever
a gopher was karr'd, I swar.—When he
cum to the fence he busted rite thru it
tarrin dwn high onto seven panells,
scatterin and a brakn the rales mitty,
and here he left gopher, geers, singletree
and klevin, all mixed up, not wuth a durn.
Most of his shirt stuck on the splintered
end ov a broken rale; and nigh onto a
pint of honets staid with the shirt a sting-
in it all over, the balance on 'em about a
gallon and a half kept on with dad. He
seemed to run jist adzactly as a honest
cock fly, for it war the utes race I ever
did seed. Dwn thru the sago grass they
all went, the honest makin it look sorter
like smoke all round dad's bald head, and
he with nothin on yearth on but the bridle,
an nigh onto a yard of plow line a sail-
in behind.
'I seed how he was aimin fur the
swimmin hole in the creek, whar the
bluff is over twenty-five foot perpendicu-
lar to the water, an his nigh on to ten
foot deep. Well, to keep up his kar-
acter as a 'boss, when he got to the bluff
he jist leaped off, or rather, he jist kept
on a runin. Kerslug! into the creek he
went; I seed the water fly plum above the
bluff from whar I was. Now, rite thar,
boys, he overdid the thing, if that was
what he was arter, fur thar's nary hose
ever foaled durned fool enuff to lops over
such a place; a cussed mule mout a done
it, but dad warnt actin a mule. I crept
up to the edge and looked over, thar was
dad's bald head, for all the yearth like a
peeled onion, a bobbin up and dwn, and
the honets sailin an a circlin round, tur-
ky buzzard fashion, an every once in a
while one, and sometimes ten, would
make a dip at dad's hed. He kept up a
rite peart dodgin under, sumtimes afor
they hit him, and sumtimes arter, and
the water was kivered with dwned hon-
ets. 'What on the yearth are yer doin
in thar, dad?' sez I. 'Don't [dip] ye see
these cussed [dip] infernal varmins [dip]
arter me?' 'What,' sez I, 'them are Hoss
flies thar—ye ain't really fered ovem
them, are ye?' 'Hoss flies, h—' sez
dad; 'they're rale [dip] genswyne, bald
honets, you [dip] infernal cuss!' 'Well,
dad, you'll hev to stay rite thar till rite,
an arter they go to roost you cum home,
an I'll feed ye. I sorter think yer won't
need any curryin for a week or so.' 'I
wish I may never see to morn' [dip] of
I don't ruinat you [dip] when I do get
out,' sez dad. 'Beter say you wish you
may never see another bald honet, if you
ever play hoss agin,' sez I—and knowin
dad's unmollified naur, I broke from
them parts, and sorter cum to the copper
mines. I staid hid out till next arter-
noon, when I sees a feller a travelin, and
sez I, 'What was goin on at the cabin th's
side the creek when you passed it?'
'Why nuthin much, only a man was sit-
tin in his door, with nary shirt on, an a
woman was greasin his back an arms, and
his hed was about as big as a ten galon
keg, and he hadn't the fust sign of an eye
—all smooth. 'That mam was my dad,'
sez I. 'Beeen much fitt in this nabor-
hood, lately?' sez the traveler rather dry-
ly. 'Nga wuth speakin ov personallly or
particullarly,' sez I. Now, boys, I aint
seed dad since, and would be feard to
meet him in the next ten year. Let's
drink.'

And the last I saw of 'Sut,' he was
stop'ing to get in at the doggy-door,
with a mighty mixed crowd at his heels.

Dental Notice.
We are gratified to see our old 'pump'
Dr. S. Driggs in town again, looking hale
and hearty, although dead and buried long
ago, according to Dame Rumor, the ly-
ing jade. By-the-by, the Dr. proposes
to sojourn with us for a while, and as he
has the reputation of being a skillful den-
tist, we would suggest to those whose den-
tal organs require revision, that his room
is No. 14, Georgetown Hotel, where he
would be pleased to receive those who
may require his professional services.
Dec. 7, 1854-39-11.

Shooting Affair in Covington.—R. B. Carpenter, shot examination of the prisoner. The citizens of Covington were startled yesterday morning by the announcement that Col. R. B. Carpenter, an attorney at law, had been shot down in the street by V. T. Perkins, proprietor of the Cincinnati and Covington Omnibus line, both of whom are residents of that city—men whose character for respectability has always been unimpeachable. There was much said during yesterday as to the cause of the affray, but the rumors about were not of such plausibility as to justify us in making them public. The one which was most prevalent is that Mr. Perkins had understood that for some time Col. Carpenter had been slandering his wife, by stating that she was an improper woman. Mr. P. also alleges that on Sunday last Mr. Carpenter had stated to a friend of his that Mr. Perkins had caught him (Carpenter) in bed with Mrs. Perkins, and was too big a coward to resent it. This, Mr. Perkins says, so enraged him that he procured a revolver and determined that as soon as he met Col. C. he would make an effort to take his life.

Yesterday morning, about 8 o'clock, as Col. Carpenter was leaving the post office, situated on Madison street, near Fifth street, and was going up Madison street reading a letter, he was confronted by Perkins, coming down Madison street, who pulled out a revolver, and presenting it at Carpenter's head, fired. Not a word passed between them. Carpenter turned his head, when Perkins fired a second time, the ball entering the right side of the neck, and passing around the neck, came out at the back of the neck, on the left side. In its passage the ball injured the nerve sufficiently to produce paralysis, but it is thought it did not injure any of the vital organs. Carpenter dropped his head when Perkins pointed the pistol at C's stomach and fired again, the ball passing through his clothes and making a flesh wound a few inches from his abdomen. Carpenter then raised his hand and attempted to push Perkins away. Perkins then ran into the post office, and Carpenter, placing his hands on his neck, with the assistance of two gentlemen, walked to Dr. Blackburn's office, about half a square distant from the post office. Drs. Evans, T. N. Wise, Blackburn and others were immediately sent for, who, upon arrival, dressed the wound and administered to him some stimulants. He was then carried to his residence, on Tenth, near Washington street, where every attention was being given him up to a late hour last night.

After the affray, Mr. Perkins was arrested upon view, by magistrate Southgate, who committed him to jail for examination, which took place yesterday afternoon, in the city hall, in the presence of several hundred persons, and before magistrates Southgate and Beale, Messrs. Hutchinson, Dudley, and Judge Kinkaid appeared for the prosecution, and Messrs. J. W. Stevenson, McGill and Phelps appeared for the prisoner. The charge preferred against Perkins, was that of maliciously shooting with intent to kill R. B. Carpenter. Several physicians were examined as to the nature of the wound, and the condition of the patient. They testified in substance that the wound, being a gun shot wound, was of all wounds, the most dangerous; that the probabilities were that Col. Carpenter must die; that the chances of recovery were decidedly against him; and that it would be from three to five days before the result could be known.

The meeting of the parties and the encounter was testified to, the substance of which we have given above. The prosecution urged that the prisoner should be committed to jail, without bail—at least until the fate of Col. Carpenter is known. The defense resisted the motion, and obtained that the charge under which the prisoner was arraigned was bailable. The court declared that the prisoner should be admitted to bail, to appear before the March term of the circuit court. The bail was fixed at \$10,000. In default of bail he was committed to jail at 11 o'clock, P. M.

Since the above was written, we learn that the difficulty between Col. Carpenter and Mr. Perkins about the wife of the latter, has been going on from five to seven years, many times the parties meeting, and after exchanging hard words would separate, each threatening the other's life.

At 1 o'clock last night Col. Carpenter was lying very low, and was not expected to live twenty-four hours. *Cin. Gazette, Wednesday*

Extraordinary Operations and Conspiracy of a Carson League.—Inducing men to get drunk and inveigling them into Commission of Crime.

Some remarkable developments have been brought to public notice in the town of Chester, Mass., which tend to exhibit a strong light on the characters of the Maine Law class in that place, known as the "Carson League."

We gather the following from the Springfield paper: It seems that some persons who considered themselves injured by the enforcement of the law, sought satisfaction, therefore by secret and unworthy acts of revenge on the property of the prosecuting parties. Upon this the Carson League of Chester, a body of individuals who would seem to be ambitious of out doing all other Carson leagues in the extent of their dishonorable conduct—resolved to entice the offenders into the commission of criminal acts, on which they might rest a prosecution against them.

A complaint was tried last week before a Justice of Springfield, against Henry D. Wilcox, Edward L. Hill, Henry Dowe, Herman S. Lucas and Henry M. Bradley, of Chester, Wm. Turner, of B. C. C. and Benjamin B. Chamberlain, of Albany, charging them with conspiracy to induce certain persons in Chester to attempt to blow up a grist mill belonging to said Wilcox, and to paint the horse of Turner, for the purpose of getting them convicted of these offences. It appeared in evidence that these persons were members of the "Carson League," in Chester, and that, acting under the belief that certain outrages last spring had been committed by persons opposed to the Maine Liquor Law, they had entered into a secret and deliberate combination to inveigle these persons (who were it would appear, poor and dissipated fellows) into the commission of serious acts of crime, in order that they might be thus punished or their supposed previous offences.

This "Carson League" accordingly sent to Albany, as a preliminary step, and procured a worthless fellow by the name of Chamberlain, to come to Chester, and open a low rum shop there. The money to buy these liquors was furnished by this Carson League. A good organization this, truly, to set up for a "moral reform" society, and a lever of the Main Law. It appears that in the course of sixty days this dissipated and degraded tool of the Maine law folks actually received by express, and sold between eleven and twelve barrels of rot-gut liquor. The purposes of this free distribution of spirits, says the Republican, was to secure the confidence of the suspected persons, and get and keep them in a proper condition for his other movements. At the same time he pretended great hostility to the Carson League, and took frequent opportunity to suggest to some of his intended victims the commission of various deeds of violence to the property of some of the defendants. One of these suggestions was to paint Turner's horse, (Turner, be it, is a member of this league,) and it appeared that he bought and prepared the materials for painting the horse, and left them at the house of an individual in Chester, whom he had endeavored to hire to paint the horse.

Another suggestion of his was to attempt to blow up Wilcox's mill. (Wilcox is another "member.") We copy from the Republican:

He seemed to have labored at this with much diligence; he offered to procure the powder to do it with, which fact he communicated to the other defendants, and called upon them to furnish him with the money to pay for it. And he was seen to have a keg of powder in his possession a short time before the attempt was made to blow up the mill. Finally, an attempt was made to blow up the mill on the night of June 14th; and several of the other defendants, having received notice from him, were on the watch to see who did it. But the attempt failed, and a keg of powder similar to the one seen in his possession, was found near the mill.

But the most singular fact in the case is that the other defendants, the members of the Carson League, and some of them its officers, seem to have known fully what Chamberlain was about during this time, and to have furnished him with the means of proceeding. It appeared that they paid him some \$300, while there, and that he had no money except what he received from them—so that it may be fairly presumed that their money paid for the liquor, and the powder.—*Hartford Conn. Times Dec. 1.*

Terrible Outrage.—We clip the following from the Toledo Republican of the 4th instant: "A large reward is offered by the Sheriff of Wood county, for the apprehension of William Noel, who, on Friday night last, committed a fiendish outrage on the person of a daughter of Mrs. Howard, a widow lady, who resides seven miles from Perrysburg in that county. She was overtaken by Noel on the road, who, infuriated by her resistance, beat her in the most shocking manner, and dragged her to the woods, where her cries attracted the attention of two travelers, who, on reaching the spot, found Noel with his knees upon her breast, beating his victim in a manner so shocking as to leave no doubt of his intention to commit murder. Her dress was nearly all torn off, the skin on one side of her head completely scalped by the rough manner in which she had been dragged on the ground, and her injuries, in other respects, were so severe that for some time it was not supposed she could recover. Noel, the monger who perpetrated the deed, was one of the party convicted of the murder of an Indian, who attempted to defend his wife from a similar outrage, some years ago. For this crime Noel had served a term in the Penitentiary. On seeing the travelers he took to the woods, but the alarm was immediately given, and the house of his father, where he lived, watched. He succeeded, however, in visiting it unobserved on Saturday night, when he secured his pistols and other articles, and left, as is supposed for the West. We are happy to learn that the injured woman is recovering, and we trust the villain may be arrested and brought to justice. It is thought he will attempt to reach either Wisconsin or Missouri."

Characteristic Names of States, Cities and Inhabitants.

The State of New York is called the Empire State; Vermont, the Green Mountain State; New Hampshire, the Granite State; Massachusetts, the Bay State; Connecticut, the Freestone, and sometimes the Nutmeg State; Pennsylvania, the Keystone State; Virginia, the Old Dominion, and sometimes the Mother of Statesmen; Delaware, the Diamond State; South Carolina, the Palmetto State; Texas, the Lone Star; California, the Golden Region, or Eldorado; Mississippi, the Bayou State; Michigan, the Peninsular State; Wisconsin is sometimes called the Badger State; and Ohio, the Buckeye State.

Cities, also, have received these characteristic names. Washington is called the City of Magnificent Distances; Baltimore, the Monumental City; Philadelphia, the Quaker city, or the City of Brotherly Love; New York, the Empire city, or the commercial Emporium; Boston, the Athens of America, or the city of Notions, and the Puritan city; New Haven, the Elm city; Buffalo, the Queen city of the Lakes; Pittsburg, the Iron city; Cleveland, the Forest city; Cincinnati, the Queen city of the West, or Perropolis; Chicago, the Garden city; St. Louis, the Mound city; Louisville, the Falls city; New Orleans, the crescent city.

Inhabitant have also been designated by names which apply to particular sections of the country. The term Yankee is often applied to all the inhabitants of the New England States; but it properly belongs only to those of Connecticut. The citizens of Vermont are known as Green Mountain Boys; of Massachusetts, as Sons of the Pilgrims; of New Jersey, as Jerseymen, and Jersey Blues; of Florida, as cow boys; of Missouri, as Pukes; of Iowa, as Hawkeyes; of Illinois, as Suckers; of Indiana, as Hoosiers; of Wisconsin, as Badgers; of Michigan, as Wolverines; of Ohio, as Buckeyes.

The Emmitsburg Nun.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE CASE—LETTER FROM A CATHOLIC PRIEST.

The Rev. J. O. Connell writes as follows of the escaped novice story. We publish an extract from a letter by the young lady in the case, this morning. Hear the other side of the question.

The statement of the young lady nun, is radically false. A knowledge of the rules which govern the house of the Sisters of charity enables me to make this unqualified statement.

The house of the Sisters of charity is known as St. Joseph's, near Emmitsburg, (not Emmitsbay.) There is generally a number of persons demanding admission. In order to secure a reception, they must produce letters from responsible persons vouching to their good character, &c.

They must bring sufficient means to enable them to return home if the society thinks them unfit, either in physical or mental qualifications, to discharge the hard and in many cases repulsive duties of the order.

They spend the first two years as postulants, take no vows, and are perfectly free to leave the institution at any moment. There is therefore no necessity for scaling walls, crossing fields, and escaping during the stillness of the night. In a word any catholic subject is perfectly free, as far as physical force is concerned, to follow the dictates of his own will.

The case with scholars is quite different. They are placed under the care of the Sisters of Charity by their parents, to whom the Sisters are accountable. The rules of the institution are read by all the scholars, and all who enter must abide by the rules. The young ladies are not permitted to leave the grounds or fixed bounds, to make visits, to receive or send letters from the institution without examination; in a word, they are constantly under the eye of their teachers. Hence they have no claims on the institution, other than an education, other than an equivalent for their pension; at the end of the school term they can go home, to a friends to spend the vacation, or remain and pay their board during the vacation, and are confined to the rules presented by the parents.

It sometimes happens that a young miss is sent by parents to have her removed from a particular circle of society. A romantic novel reading girl soon becomes restless under school restriction. A love engagement or some romantic adventure will urge her to event means to escape the care and vigilance of the teachers. Her object is accomplished, the Sisters are in trouble for the truant girl and her disappointed parents; the papers joy a holiday on the first intimation of a hair breadth escape of a nun from a Catholic convent, and the gratified public sleep soundly, well satisfied that at least, in this happy republic, liberty of conscience will be proclaimed by the press and enthroned in the hearts of the people.

Quarrelling.—If anything in the world will make a man feel badly, except pinching his fingers in the crack of a door, it is unquestionably a quarrel. No man ever fails to think less of himself after, than he did before. It degrades himself in the eyes of others, and what is worse, blunts his sensibilities on one hand and increases the power and passion

ate irritability on the other. The truth is, the more peaceably and quietly we get on, the better for our neighbors. In nine cases out of ten, the better course is, if a man cheats you, quit dealing with him; if he is abusive, quit his company, and if he slanders you, take care to live so that nobody will believe him. No matter who he is, or how he mistreats you, the wisest way is to let him alone; for there is nothing better than this cool, calm, and quiet way of dealing with the wrongs we meet with.

Awful end of the Arch Hump! death of B—M at the feet of his own Elephant. BRIDGEPORT, Nov. 20.

It will be recalled that at the sale of his Wild Animals, a few days since, Mr. P. T. B—M bid in one of the Elephants, with the intention of working the animal upon his farm. This intention he partially carried out, and the passers by of "Iranistan," his castle, or castle, have been much amused during the past few days at witnessing the unwieldy animal engaged in various domestic duties, such as bringing water, hanging out clothes, pulling celery, picking up ships, etc. In these employments the creature has evinced no indisposition to labor for its human employer, but, on the contrary, has frequently, when relieved at noon, been noticed to take up a bucket or rake and go through the exercise of drawing imaginary water, and gathering supposititious chips. Indeed, so entirely tractable had the elephant become, that he was suffered to roam about the pastures in company with the other cattle, until the death of a fine short horn steer from fright, and the loss of a Morgan colt, which ran itself entirely blind, and continued running until it dropped down moribund, made it necessary to confine the elephant to a stable.

The day before yesterday an old debtor of B's failed, and B. was obliged to take some of his property on his claim. Among the lot was a machine for manufacture of wooden oats, intended to be of service when the Reciprocity Treaty should come into effect. This machine was in perfect working order, and was tried the day it came home—the yield of imitation oats amounting to forty bushels, and which were stored in the barn.

On taking the elephant out on Saturday, it was discovered that he was not as good-natured as usual, throwing his trunk about and uttering cries of anger. The mahout or driver attempted to force him to work, when he turned upon him, seized him by his ample Oriental trousers, and quietly dropped him down the well, whence he was with difficulty extricated. The elephant then started off for the pasture, where he encountered a drove of cattle, which he tossed in every direction. In his mad career he overthrew a smoke-house, demolished a threshing-machine, turned over a stage-coach full of passengers, and finally ran into the river, where he remained nearly all day, attempting to pull down the abutments of the bridge. Not succeeding in this, he seemed to be chagrined, and returned sulkily to his stable at the evening.

In the course of the evening Mr. B. went to the stable accompanied by the mahout, who had received no injury beyond a ducking, and the two attempted to lead the elephant out. Seeing Mr. B. the creature made at him, pinned him to the floor, and with terrible cries, trampled him until there was no life in his system!

The cause of the animal's anger has been explained. Mr. B., whose success in humbugging the public has been so great, presumed to far upon the gullibility of the elephant. He had fed him with the imitation oats. The animal, in his rage at being thus deceived, sought his revenge.

The elephant has fled, and the whole town is in consternation. The funeral of Mr. B. will be attended to-morrow. His manuscript Biography will be buried with him. [Buff. Dem.]

AN INGENIOUS LOVER.—A Mr. Hincley was recently married to a Miss Donaldson, in the western part of Massachusetts, under very peculiar circumstances. The father of the bride was violently opposed to the marriage; and on the day appointed for its celebration posted "No admittance" on the gateway leading to his house, and stationed a young man with a musket to enforce attention to the ordinance from the expectant bridegroom. Finding he could not accomplish his object without resorting to force or stratagem, and remembering that Miss Donaldson had a ring of his in her possession, Hincley got out a warrant for her on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretences, had her brought before the magistrate, who after the lover had withdrawn his complaint and paid the costs soon united them in the "holy hands of matrimony."

CONJUGIAL BIRDS IN LONDON.—An English paper, descending relative to the various qualities of conjugal bliss, states that in the city of London the official record for the last year stands thus:

Runaway wives 1,123
Runaway husbands 2,348
Married persons legally divorced 4,175
Living in open warfare 17,345
Living in private misunderstanding 13,340
Naturally different 55,175
Regarded as happy 3,175
Nearly happy 127
Perfectly happy 13

To be an Active, Consistent Christian.

A FEW PLAIN DIRECTIONS.

1. Never forget that you are constantly exposed to be turned aside, either in heart or life, from the path of duty. 1 Peter, v. 8, Heb. xii. 1, 4; Rom. vii. 23; Eph. vi. 10—24.

2. Be sure to read, too, enough of the Bible every day to furnish a subject for practical reflection. John v. 29; Acts xxii. 11; Ps. cxix. 93, 97.

3. Always seek the direction of the Holy Spirit, and the blessing of God upon the business of every day before you enter upon it, and never commit yourself to the slumbers of the night, till you have sought a blessing on your efforts the day past. Ps. v. 3; Ps. lxxxiii. 93; Ps. cxix. 147, 148; Ps. lxx. 17.

Never forget that if you revenge or retaliate injuries, you inflict upon your self an additional injury. Rom. xii. 19; Prov. xxv. 21, 22; Prov. xxiv. 17, 18.

5. In regard to attending meeting designed as means of grace, always be governed by your solemn convictions to duty, and not by present feelings. 1 Cor. ix. 25, 27; Matt. xi. 12; Matt. x. 24.

6. Always preserve a cheerful spirit, but never indulge in trifling and levity. Matt. xii. 26; Eph. v. 4, Phil. i. 27.

7. Avoid giving the least intimation that you deem yourself better than others. Prov. xxviii. 24; Phil. ii. 3; Luke. xiv. 10, 11.

8. Receive admonition with the spirit of kindness, and never attempt to reprieve or reclaim others put with the spirit of love. Ps. cxli. 5; Gal. vi. 1; Eph. iv. 2.

9. Never in indulge unfriendly remarks concerning others in their absence. Ps. xv. 3; Ps. ci. 5; Lev. xix. 15; Gen. ix. 8.

10. Always cheerfully confess it, if you have done wrong, or have been mistaken. James v. 16; Acts xix. 18; Luke xxi. 8.

11. Be ready to enlist in every benevolent enterprise of the day. Eccl. xi. 1, 6; Is. xxxii. 8; Titus iii. 1, Eccl. ix. 10.

12. Never defer till to-morrow what may and ought to be done to-day. James iv. 17; Prov. xxii. 33, 34; Prov. xxii. 1.

13. Never engage or continue in any business which you have doubts is not right in the sight of the Lord. 1 Kings xxi. 9; Ps. cvi. 3; Jer. xvii. 11.

14. Read no book such as will feed the mind with useful knowledge, or promote piety in the heart and life, Acts xix. 19; 2 Tim. iii. 15, 17; Col. ii. 8.

15. Be always ready to introduce conversation on the subject of religion, when a suitable opportunity presents, or to join it when introduced by others. Col. iii. 16; Deut. vi. 6—8; 2 Cor. i. 12.

16. Never suffer sin to remain unrepented upon your conscience; nor let it prevent you from doing your duty. Prov. xviii. 14; Acts xxiv. 16; Rev. ii. 5.

17. Be careful to improve the Holy Sabbath and all its attendant means of grace, in such a way as to honor God and promote the life and power of godliness in your own heart. Isa. lviii. 13, 14; Isa. lvi. 2; Neh. xiii. 15, 19; Acts xx. 7.

18. Meditate often and seriously on the uncertainty of life. Bas. xc. 12; James iv. 14—15; Eccl. ix. 10.

[From the Rochester Union, Dec. 5.]

A Curious Surprise—A Seven Years Sleep.

A letter from San Francisco to Mr. R. Harris, of this city, from his brother, relates a curious incident that occurred there a short time since, which we do not recollect having seen in print. Her Britannic Majesty's exploring ship Plover arrived at San Francisco a short time since, from the Polar sea, where she had been ice-bound since 1847.

When she left San Francisco, seven years ago, it was a mere trading station, resorted to by a few vessels in pursuit of hides, and the town only contained a few abode houses. The captain and crew of the Plover expected to find the same San Francisco in 1854 that they left in 1847. The captain, therefore, sailed into the bay without a pilot, and approached the city in the evening. He was much amazed at the numerous lights he saw.

When he awoke from his dream of seven years the next morning, he found a noble city occupying the site of the ancient San Francisco. He had known nothing of the Mexican war, and cession of California to the United States, and the many other great events that had taken place during the time he had been locked up in the frozen regions of the North.

Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.

EXECUTION OF JOHN HASTINGS!

PARIS, Dec. 15.

The execution of John Hastings, convicted of the murder of young Williams, took place to-day. As he was the first white person ever hung in Bourbon county, a large and motly assemblage were gathered to witness the horrid spectacle.

The deceased was a middle-sized man, and about thirty-years of age. Before the fatal drop he spoke several minutes.

He said that when he committed the deed he was unconscious of what he did; that at heart he did not feel guilty of murder; and would not in his sober moments have hurt a hair on his head. He dated his downward career from indulgence in drinking liquor, by which he was led into bad company and gambling. By his untimely and disgraceful end he exhorted all present to take warning, and shun the poisonous cup. He expressed a desire to live, in order that he might show that he was a reformed man; but felt that his sins were forgiven, and was ready to meet his God. The poor fellow met his fate calmly, and died without scarcely a struggle.

The intelligence of the nomination of our fellow-citizen, Major Geo. W. Williams, for Governor, by the Temperance Convention, was received here with great

joy. Maj. Williams is personally very popular in this county, and is considered a model for strict integrity and honesty. As a lawyer, it is the friend of the poor, and has the business of the widows and orphans entrusted to him. He is a Know-Nothing in principle, and was one of the six who voted for Garret Davis' naturalization resolution in the Constitutional Convention. This and his great personal popularity will give the ticket he heads many votes from those not sympathizing with the temperance movement.

With George W. Williams for Governor, and Garret Davis, for President, old Bourbon will become as famous for statesmen, as she is now for live stock and good whisky.

Yours spiritually
AN OLD LINER.

Know-Nothing in Brooklyn.—One of the Know Nothing societies in Brooklyn has published a series of resolutions declaring that the Grand Council had adopted resolutions endeavoring to coerce the members to vote for particular candidates, and requiring the members to confess under oath how they voted. The following are some of the resolutions passed.

Resolved, That we repudiate and condemn the aforementioned action of the Grand Council, as anti-American, anti-Republican, and the most unarrantable abominable, and dangerous assumption of despotic power ever attempted in this Republic; in its confessional, and threats of excommunication, only equalled by the Holy Inquisition of Spain, and only worthy of imitation by the Grand Council of Cardinals at Rome.

Resolved, That any American assenting or yielding obedience to the degradation and inquisitorial requisitions, inhering not the spirit of the revolutionary sires, and is unworthy the name of a son of '76, and descends to the level of an ignorant Papist.

Resolved, That we recommend our brethren to pause and calmly reflect, before they aid in centralizing so dangerous a power in the hands of a body, who, however pure they may now be, may at some future time be composed of unprincipled men, who, regardless of the public interests, will wield it for their own personal aggrandizement."

Hon. James T. Morehead, from 1832 to 1836 inclusive, Governor of this State, from 1841 to 1847 a Senator in Congress, has made a profession of religion and united with the Baptist church at Covington.

CHRISTMAS RARITIES.

WE have commenced receiving a good many nice nicks and staple goods which have been very scarce and hard to come at. Among them may be named:

Almonds, fine soft shelled;
Beans, small white round;
Cheese, pine apple, Eng. Dairy & Western Reserve;
Cranberries, cultivated and fine;
Dried Peaches, and Apples;
Fruit, fresh peaches, pine apples, &c;
Flour and Meal, first quality;
Jellies and Preserves, all kinds;
Pickles, from London, New York and Boston;

Besides all staple articles for family use. Call at HARCOURT'S, Corner of Main and Main Cross street. Dec. 7, 1854-39-40.

OUR CHRISTMAS SUPPLIES HAVE ARRIVED, AND WE ARE ANXIOUS TO SELL.

S. Y. KEENE.
Dec. 14, 1854-40-41.

PUBLIC SALE OF LAND, STOCK, &c.

BY virtue of the powers conferred on me by deed of trust from Susan K. Collier and George M. Collier, I will

On Wednesday, 10th of January, 1855, expose to public sale, without reserve, the farm upon which said Susan K. Collier resides. 24 miles below Millersburg, Bourbon county, on Hinkston, containing about

260 ACRES OF FIRST RATE LAND in a high state of improvement, with a comfortable Dwelling House, Negro House, Ice-House, Stables, &c. A further description is deemed unnecessary. Any persons wishing to purchase, the premises will be shown them by Geo. M. Collier, living there, I will also sell (if not sold privately)

ALL THE STOCK upon the said farm, consisting of 8 Horses, 17 Head of Cattle, (milk cows, calves and yearlings,) 75 head good long wool sheep, 1 Waggon and Gear, 1 new Buggy and Harness, Farming Utensils, Household & Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c. Terms made known on day of sale

CHAS. T. GARRARD, Auctioneer.
Dec. 14, 1854-40-41
*Herald copy t. d. s. and charge Citizen.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS

FOR Christmas and New Years Presents.—As the time approaches when those who intend purchasing, should make their selection, we wish to call attention to our large and superior assortment of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Guittars and other musical Merchandise. With out putting a fictitious value upon our instruments, which will enable us to fall 20 or 30 per cent. we will guarantee to sell during the present month at 10 per cent. less than manufacturers prices for cash. Every instrument shall be guaranteed perfect or no sale; and as an inducement to our friends in Indiana, we will take State Stock Money at 5 per cent. discount. When it is taken into consideration that our Pianos are from the celebrated factories of Chickering, Woodward & Brown, Brown & Allen, T. Gilbert & Co. (with a full attachment) and H. Worcester; Melodeons from Geo. A. Prince & Co.; Guittars from Martin, Wm. Hall & Son, we think purchasers will find it to their advantage to select from instruments of such well known and generally acknowledged superiority and excellence.

COLBURN & FIELD,
Cincinnati Music Store, 48 West Fourth street, near Vine.
Dec. 14, 1854-41-42.

THE HERALD

"Time, Faith and Energy."

HENRY R. FRENCH, EDITOR

GEORGETOWN:

THURSDAY, - DECEMBER 21, 1854

J. F. Gassner, town, paid to No 40 vol 11 3 50
T. Barton Green, Helena, paid to No 48, vol 10 2 00
John W. Carter, Midway, paid to No 39, vol 11 1 50
W. Spates, Oxford, paid to No 40, vol 10 1 00
Charles Ford, Oxford, paid to No 35, vol 11 1 75

There will be no paper issued from this office during next (Christmas) week. The 'boys' have pled for holiday, and truth to say, we feel inclined for a week's holiday ourselves. Those who are prompt to pay, are of course good Christians, and therefore will not complain of the slight relaxation on the part of their country paper. Those who are in arrears are of course, not good Christians; consequently, if they feel authorized to complain of our delinquency, let them go to the Captain's office and settle; and then, if they see proper, they may make use of that potent phrase—"stop my paper!"

Temperance Nominations.

The Temperance Convention met in Louisville, in accordance with previous appointment, on the 13th inst. It was a large and highly respectable meeting, the result of which was the nomination of Col. George W. Williams, of Bourbon, as the Temperance candidate for Governor, and Col. James G. Hardy, of Barron, for Lieut. Governor; the former a Whig, and the latter a Democrat; but neither very formidable to these irrespectable parties as Candidates. We have no personal acquaintance with Col. Hardy; but with Col. Williams we have some personal acquaintance, and it affords us pleasure to bear testimony to his mental and moral worth; although ultra in some of his views, his amenity of manners, and intrinsic worth have secured for him many warm friends, and his political experience and general popularity render him, perhaps, the most available candidate his party could have selected to bear their banner to triumph—defeat for such, we have no doubt, will be the result of this premature and unwise movement. We were pleased to learn from the remarks of Col. Williams, that although he is decidedly in favor of a Maine Law, he believes that it should be 'one guarded and framed so as to suit the Kentucky meridian.' The law submitted to the last Legislature, which we had the pleasure of perusing, was not of that character; and would not, in our humble opinion, have been at all adapted to the meridian of Kentucky. The temperance cause is a good one; but even good things may be abused by ultraism in their use and advocacy; and thus the worst form of intemperance obtains. Popular as the cause of temperance may be, the people of Kentucky are jealous of their political and civil rights and privileges; and if there be no other objection to the bill submitted to the last Legislature, the distinction between classes incorporated into its provisions, would cause the Democratic masses of Kentucky to repudiate any such law. Better not charge your artillery too heavily at first, gentlemen. Moderation is characteristic of wisdom; and the instantaneous conversion of a hundred thousand freemen from intemperance to sobriety will be a very difficult if not impossible task, even with the potent aid of legal suasion. But we presume these temperance politicians, par excellence, know their own business best, and crave none of our impertinent advice. Well, we have no very special interest in the success or defeat of any party or set of men, just now, therefore we can with calm composure comment upon the movements of all, while contentedly abiding the issue of the 'ides of August.' Let the result be what it may, it will not cause us to shed a tear, or quaff a drop of old Bourbon more or less; for in that as well as in other propensities to which humanity is prone, we are a firm believer in the principle of self-government.

There were a number of speeches made during the session of the Convention, in all of which great enthusiasm for the cause was manifested; among others, Judge Robertson, of Fayette, a prominent member of the Convention made a speech lauding the Know Nothings, urging a coalition with that detestable body of patriots, and intimating that they had his prayers! Alas, poor Yorick!

The Democratic Central committee have appointed the 15th of March as the day, and Frankfort the place, for the next Democratic Convention for the nomination of State candidates.

Will Pullen has a first rate article of TOBACCO, as we have verified. Try it!

The following is from the Georgetown Herald—formerly a whig, now an independent paper. We commend it to the perusal of our readers:—*Paducah Journal.*

Repudiating all allegiance to parties, we appeal to the great body of the patriotic people of this country and State, to repudiate old prejudices & party enmities, & stand by as one man, in support of American principles—in support of the truly Republican doctrine of our forefathers—the framers of the Federal constitution, and in opposition to all sectional and selfish parties, however popular their cognomen of loud and passionate their professions. In State matters, repudiate, if you love your country, and desire to see her prosper, the mongrel nomination of a Know-Nothing and Temperance candidate for Governor, pledged, as a necessary consequence of his nomination, to proscriber civil liberty and religious faith; regulate with severe nominations for legislators and congressmen, on the same grounds; and, if whilom Democrats cannot call themselves Whigs, and whilom Whigs cannot call themselves Democrats, let them, for the sake of the west of our common country, co-operate in principle, compromise mere names, and call themselves patriots, REPUBLICANS, what you will so that they only repudiate by voice and by votes those selfish men and designing demagogues, who, while aiming to destroy both the great and truly patriotic parties of the country, recklessly disregard its vital interests even at the risk of revolution, in order to secure the 'spoils office,' and carry out their own selfish views.

The above article opens up some views, and suggests some ideas, which have long been maturing in our own mind, but which we have not broached, simply because we have not seen the way clear for the accomplishment of the patriotic purpose. What the future of parties may be, no one can now foresee. That the issues between the old parties are now of minor importance compared to the new issues that are springing up between the old parties and new factions, every one will admit. It is equally manifest that there is a growing disposition and desire—not to say necessity—far the conservative and patriotic of both the whig and democratic parties to coalesce and co-operate, to put down the factions which are striving to destroy the ancient and glorious principles of our free government. The time is coming when there should be a "Union for the sake of the Union." But how is this to be accomplished? Names are often more potent than things. The bitterness engendered by party appellations and symbols often outlive all real differences of opinion. Whigs are not going to call themselves democrats, and democrats are not going to call themselves whigs—although both might be willing to drop their old names, and unite under a new one, that would be equally acceptable. The one suggested by the Herald is one of all others we would prefer—*Republican*. More definite than that of *whig*—it is more conservative, and really more in accordance with our institutions and the genius of our government than that of *democrat*.

We resist the inclination to enlarge upon this subject now—we may be premature in broaching it at this time—but we shall recur to it at the proper season, and give our notions more explicitly.

Journal.

AN OFFER.—The Herald will be sent to subscribers, together with two other valuable publications, published monthly, at \$3 per annum in advance. The publications are—

THE AMERICAN PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.—Devoted to Phrenology, Human Nature, Education, Self Improvement, Biography, (with Portraits), Mechanism and the Natural Sciences.

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The subscription price of these Journals are each \$1 per annum; it will be seen therefore that we offer the Herald upon extraordinary liberal terms. We will also send the Herald and Godey's Lady's Book or Graham's Magazine, both \$3 publications, for one year for \$4 paid in advance. Now at the beginning of the year is the time to cheaply supply yourself with the best Eastern publications, together with your own country paper.

Fusion of Parties.

Our friend McCarty, of the Paducah Journal, a sterling Whig, of the Clay and Webster school, has begun, we think, owing to the desertion of his Whig friends, to the Know Nothings, to discover that the great Whig party of the country is numbered with the things that were. His honest and honorable pride may forbid him to change front, or adopt a new name as designating the party to which he now belongs; but, with all due respect for him, we must remark that it is a mistaken and false pride which would induce him to cling to a name destitute of meaning, when the great bulk of those who thus style themselves, have abandoned even the name, for the sake of enrolling themselves under a selfish, sectarian and anti-national banner, merely to avoid the odium of defeat, and if possible, by selfish intrigue and chicanery attain to the 'spoils of office.' Mac is a national Whig—better than that—a true blue Republican of the old fashioned school—a whole souled clever fellow—he has labored faithfully and with self sacrificing devotion for the interest of his Whig friends in his region of the country, and we do not wonder that it irks him to see those who he has so truly and so faithfully served, while earnestly striving for the best interests (as he honestly supposed) of our common country, flying off upon a sectarian issue, and showing him the cold shoulder, merely because he is too honest and too patriotic to throw himself into the base current and float with the common herd. He is one of the honest, patriotic and national Whigs we had in our eye, when we asserted that the good men of both the great national parties of the country, were tired of the old senseless issues, and prepared to adopt any name and any measures for the greatest good of the greatest number, and in opposition to the selfish and sectarian factions that, in the absence of a healthy state of public political and religious sentiment, are springing up throughout the length and breadth of our so-called Republican land. But the dawn of a brighter day is at hand; the 'second sober thought of the people,' will speedily apply a stern corrective to these ambitious demagogues who, mounted upon their separate hobbles, are endeavoring to ride into office upon 'the backs of the viciously inflamed masses, at the expense of the best interests of our glorious Republic; and we trust that the patriotic and good citizens of Jackson's purchase, will learn, ere it is too late, that when they proscriber and drive from them the best editor they ever had, they proscriber their own interests, and drive from them one whose price they will find it very difficult to fill. To our friend McCarty, with whom we are identified in opposition to sectarian bigotry and puritan tyranny we say—'Let 'em rip!' There is room enough in this broad and free Republic for independent, patriotic men and editors to make their daily bread without pandering to party fanaticism or Puritan bigotry!

Truly patriotic, national parties are even now in embryo, composed of the best men of the two old parties; soon, Phoenix-like, they will arise from the ashes of the dead past, sweeping with broad, national wings, from the face of this free land, the various factious issues that for a time have obtained to the detriment of civil and religious liberty, and restoring by the force of their comprehensive, and patriotic principles and policy, the broad national landmarks of the ancient American Republic. Ere long we shall again boast, as before these traitorous issues had arisen, that the 'home of the brave and the land of the free,' is, though—

'Distinct as the billows,

Yet one as the sea!'

When that glorious advent arrives, we doubt not that our highly esteemed friend McCarty and ourself [no matter by what names our party may be called] will be found standing shoulder to shoulder, as in days of yore, on the same—ay, so far as the true interests of our common country are concerned—on the right side! Amen, so mote it be!

But we are wandering from our point, which was to show that we are not the only whilom National Whig who is sound upon the 'goose question.' Witness our friend McCarty's comments upon our article with reference to 'Know Nothingism,' and

New Party Formations

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IMPORTANT NEWS FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS IN PERHAM'S THIRD GIFT ENTERPRISE.—It will be seen by reference to advertisement in our paper of to-day, that the Committee appointed by the Shareholders at their last meeting, have issued a call for a final meeting, of all those interested, to get their instructions in reference to the distribution of the Gift property. We are pleased to find the matter so near a consummation, and hope that Mr. Perham will receive the patronage he so well deserves for the liberality and energy displayed in getting up and prosecuting this stupendous enterprise. Orders for tickets should be sent in immediately. There are fortunes in reserve for somebody!

Christmas Supper.

The ladies of the Methodist Church, with a perseverance which does them infinite credit, are determined to make another effort to pay the remnant of debt upon their church building, upon Christmas night. We trust that of their abundance our fellow citizens will contribute a mite by visiting the supper room and partaking of the abundant and luxurious fare that will be provided for the occasion. 'He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord, and layeth up treasure in heaven where neither do moth corrupt, nor thieves break through and steal!' Bear this in mind, Christian reader!

Dental Notice.

We are gratified to see our old friend, Dr. S. Driggs in town again, looking hale and hearty, although dead and buried long ago, according to Dame Rumor, the lying jade. By-the-bye, the Dr. proposes to sojourn with us for a while, and as he has the reputation of being a skillful dentist, we would suggest to those whose dental organs require revision, that this room is No. 14, Georgetown Hotel, where he would be pleased to receive those who may require his professional services.

Dec. 7, 1854 39 if.

The Paducah Journal.

The mock patriotism and sham Americanism, popularly termed *Know Nothingism*, has swept like a mighty avalanche over portions of the country, carrying before it every thing light and chaffy, and sometimes even uprooting forest oaks and blowing down compact buildings. It has unloosed from their old moorings, many politicians and editors who were supposed to be grappled to their principles with hooks of steel. Alas! there is no telling until the tempest comes, who will stand or who will fall.

It requires considerable physical nerve to induce one to stand fast to his colors amid a general stampede by his associates in arms, and it requires equal moral nerve, for a man to stand fast to his principles, when all his party around him are running off after expediency hobbles and popular phantasies. But occasionally we find men who are equal to such emergencies—who hold fast to that which is good, in their estimation, without reference to policy or popularity. Such a one is our friend and former co-editor, H. M. McCarty, of the Paducah Journal. All his party in 'Jackson's Purchase' are said to have deserted to the Know Nothings—subscriber after subscriber has left him because he will not change his coat, and follow them—an opposition paper has been gotten up to supersede him—but still he stands amid the tempest of opposition, proudly erect, calm, and determined, with the published avowal—'I can still sustain myself. AND, WHAT IS MORE, I WILL!' We wish him God speed. We have known Mac long, and known him well, and unless he has changed his character recently, we believe the Paducah folks will stand very much in their own light, if they do not sally as one man to his support. He has done more for them than they ever did for him, and while he would doubtless do as well anywhere else, they would find it difficult in getting another editor of equal energy, zeal and ability, to take his place.

We would respectfully call the attention of those who feel an interest in the cause, to the following notice of our young friends connected with the Baptist Sunday school:

THE SUPPER!

The children connected with the Baptist Sunday School will give a Supper, on Thursday Night next, 21st instant!

at the Court House, for the purpose of procuring funds to replenish their Library.

They hope to see on that occasion, as many of the good people of Georgetown and Scott County as can make it convenient to attend; promising to all such Good Cheer, on liberal terms for cash.

ADMISSION, 20 CENTS; CHILDREN, 10 CENTS. DOORS OPEN AT 7 O'CLOCK.

ITS. Y. Keene is now in the receipt of a lot of fancy articles, such as oranges preserves, pickles, vermicelli, raisins, Brandy fruits, and other Knick Knacks appropriate to Christmas, which he will sell at Louisville prices. He ought to advertise them; but as he don't, we do it for him, gratuitously.

In addition to the above, we ought to add that S. Y. Keene has a supply of first rate bottled champagne cider, a very refreshing beverage, and almost every thing in the grocery and liquor line, which fancy could demand, or necessity require; all of which he is selling as low or a little lower than his competitors. Give him a call, and if he does not verify what we say, why, adopt the usual mode of punishing editors, by the potent command, "stop my paper!"

We understand from good authority that the N. Y. Herald's report of a change in the Cabinet is altogether false. We regret the fact, for we verily believe that Hon. J. C. Breckinridge would have adorned the post of Attorney General. But, probably, it is all for the best; for such men as him there are always paths open to the honors and emoluments of office.

SLAVE HOLDERS IN KENTUCKY.—We have in this State 38,384 slave holders. There are 9,244 persons who hold one slave each; 13,384 who hold more than one and less than two; 9,579 who hold more than five and less than ten; 5,022 who own more than ten and less than twenty; 1,198 who hold more than twenty and less than one hundred; 5 who own more than one hundred and less than two hundred.

The Dayton Empire, in speaking of Mr. Taylor, the man who made the first Bantline move in Congress, says:

The honorable gentleman is a Whig, a Know Nothing, and a Methodist preacher, and represents a district in Tennessee which has probably, fewer Roman Catholics in it than any other in the Union. We desire this matter to be remembered—that the proscriptive party in Congress is led by a Whig Minister of the Gospel, who hails from a region of country which is not, in any degree, cursed by the undue strength of Catholicism!

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The Paducah Journal.

The mock patriotism and sham Americanism, popularly termed *Know Nothingism*, has swept like a mighty avalanche over portions of the country, carrying before it every thing light and chaffy, and sometimes even uprooting forest oaks and blowing down compact buildings. It has unloosed from their old moorings, many politicians and editors who were supposed to be grappled to their principles with hooks of steel. Alas! there is no telling until the tempest comes, who will stand or who will fall.

It requires considerable physical nerve to induce one to stand fast to his colors amid a general stampede by his associates in arms, and it requires equal moral nerve, for a man to stand fast to his principles, when all his party around him are running off after expediency hobbles and popular phantasies. But occasionally we find men who are equal to such emergencies—who hold fast to that which is good, in their estimation, without reference to policy or popularity. Such a one is our friend and former co-editor, H. M. McCarty, of the Paducah Journal. All his party in 'Jackson's Purchase' are said to have deserted to the Know Nothings—subscriber after subscriber has left him because he will not change his coat, and follow them—an opposition paper has been gotten up to supersede him—but still he stands amid the tempest of opposition, proudly erect, calm, and determined, with the published avowal—'I can still sustain myself. AND, WHAT IS MORE, I WILL!' We wish him God speed. We have known Mac long, and known him well, and unless he has changed his character recently, we believe the Paducah folks will stand very much in their own light, if they do not sally as one man to his support. He has done more for them than they ever did for him, and while he would doubtless do as well anywhere else, they would find it difficult in getting another editor of equal energy, zeal and ability, to take his place.

We would respectfully call the attention of those who feel an interest in the cause, to the following notice of our young friends connected with the Baptist Sunday school:

THE SUPPER!

The children connected with the Baptist Sunday School will give a Supper, on Thursday Night next, 21st instant!

at the Court House, for the purpose of procuring funds to replenish their Library.

They hope to see on that occasion, as many of the good people of Georgetown and Scott County as can make it convenient to attend; promising to all such Good Cheer, on liberal terms for cash.

ADMISSION, 20 CENTS; CHILDREN, 10 CENTS. DOORS OPEN AT 7 O'CLOCK.

ITS. Y. Keene is now in the receipt of a lot of fancy articles, such as oranges preserves, pickles, vermicelli, raisins, Brandy fruits, and other Knick Knacks appropriate to Christmas, which he will sell at Louisville prices. He ought to advertise them; but as he don't, we do it for him, gratuitously.

In addition to the above, we ought to add that S. Y. Keene has a supply of first rate bottled champagne cider, a very refreshing beverage, and almost every thing in the grocery and liquor line, which fancy could demand, or necessity require; all of which he is selling as low or a little lower than his competitors. Give him a call, and if he does not verify what we say, why, adopt the usual mode of punishing editors, by the potent command, "stop my paper!"

We understand from good authority that the N. Y. Herald's report of a change in the Cabinet is altogether false. We regret the fact, for we verily believe that Hon. J. C. Breckinridge would have adorned the post of Attorney General. But, probably, it is all for the best; for such men as him there are always paths open to the honors and emoluments of office.

SLAVE HOLDERS IN KENTUCKY.—We have in this State 38,384 slave holders. There are 9,244 persons who hold one slave each; 13,384 who hold more than one and less than two; 9,579 who hold more than five and less than ten; 5,022 who own more than ten and less than twenty; 1,198 who hold more than twenty and less than one hundred; 5 who own more than one hundred and less than two hundred.

The Dayton Empire, in speaking of Mr. Taylor, the man who made the first Bantline move in Congress, says:

The honorable gentleman is a Whig, a Know Nothing, and a Methodist preacher, and represents a district in Tennessee which has probably, fewer Roman Catholics in it than any other in the Union. We desire this matter to be remembered—that the proscriptive party in Congress is led by a Whig Minister of the Gospel, who hails from a region of country which is not, in any degree, cursed by the undue strength of Catholicism!

Our advertising columns will afford food for profitable meditation to the reflective mind; especially those of W. H. Keene.

Gov. Manning, of South Carolina, in his message to the Legislature, recommends a repeal of the usury laws. Money, he says, like everything else, must have a relative, not a fixed value.

The Law of New-papers.

1. All subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publishers may continue to send them until arrearsages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the offices to which they are sent, they are held responsible till their bills are settled, and their papers ordered to be discontinued.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT ON THE BANK OF KENTUCKY.—Yesterday morning a lady presented at the counter of Calver & Co., for change, a one dollar bill on the Bank of Kentucky altered to a twenty. It was the most ingeniously contrived counterfeit we have ever seen. The word one and the figures were erased by some chemical process no doubt, and the words and figures twenty substituted. The only way to detect the fraud is by the plate, which is of course different from the genuine twentys. This note was a genuine, signed by the President only, while the twentys have an altogether different set of engravings, and are signed by President and Cashier.—*Courier.*

THE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.—Nomination of Candidates.—The Temperance Convention adjourned yesterday afternoon, after having nominated Major Geo. B. Williams, of Bourbon, for Governor, and James G. Hardy, of Barron, for Lieutenant Governor. Great enthusiasm pervaded the convention when the nominations were announced. Major W. is a Whig, and has filled several important political stations. He is a member of the Christian church. Col. H. is a Democrat, and a member of the Baptist church. We shall know more about this after the 1st Monday in next August.

Courier.

As a SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE Carter's Spanish Mixture stands pre-eminent above all others. Its singular efficacy in correcting the blood; its strengthening and vivifying qualities; its tonic action on the liver; its tendency to drive all humors to the surface, thereby cleansing the system according to Nature's own prescription; its harmless, and at the same time extraordinary good effects, and the number of cures testified to by many of the most respectable citizens of Richmond, Va., and elsewhere, must be conclusive evidence that there is no humbug about it.

See advertisement in another column.

Dec 21, 1854 41 4t

HEAL THE SICK.—Man of liberal education at the present day, devote all their talents to discover the means whereby they may remove those painful maladies which assail the human frame. There is no nobler art than that of healing the sick, considering the number of diseases to which man is liable, and which may cause him to drag out a protracted life of distress, or suddenly cut him off in the bloom of his existence and usefulness. We should gratefully seize upon every means of counteracting their dreadful effects, or causing a removal of those clogs to happiness. In those cases where the Liver or Stomach is the cause, we would highly recommend Dr. Hoffman's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson. No medicine at this time stands higher than these Bitters, and those who are suffering from the horrors of Indigestion, we say they are the antidote.

Dec 21, 1854 41 2t

Deaths.

In this county, on Wednesday, 13th inst., of Disease of the Heart, in the 47th year of age, Mrs. ADELAIDE JOHNSON, youngest daughter of the late Gov. Joshua, and consort of Gen. Wm. Johnson.

She was a very estimable lady, and for a long time a consistent member of the Christian Church. She leaves a large circle of relatives and friends to whom she was greatly endeared, to mourn her departure for the better land.

Within thy narrow home, retired;
Serenely happy, be thy rest;
What made thee here to be admitted,
In heaven as sure now makes thee blest.

MARKETS

CINCINNATI, Dec. 18, M.

Flour—\$7 60 a 7 70.

Wheat—29 a 30c.

Hogs—Firm, and are held at \$4 50 a 4 75.

Buyers are free at 4 55 a 4 60.

Provisions—Dull; Mess Pork 11 35.

Lard—Price 84c.

Green Hams—6 a 6c.

Meats—Sales of green to 3, 4 and 6c for shoulders, sides and hams.

Grain—Cott

TO A YOUNG MAN—HINTS ON BUSINESS.—How to prosper.—The way to success is to be practical. The way to preserve it is to use it much. Soothe often, have short accounts.

Trust no man's appearance, unless it corresponds with his phenomenal development—they are deceptive—perhaps assumed for the purpose of obtaining credit. Beware of gaudy exteriors. Rogues are usually dressy. The wise, honest, and judicious are plain men.

Trust him, if any one, who carries but little on his back. Never trust him who flies into a passion on being requested to pay an honest bill; make him pay quickly. An upright man will not require incessant dunning—the patronage of his who does is not worth having.

Be well satisfied before you give a credit, that those to whom you give it are safe men to be trusted. Sell your goods at a small advance, and never misrepresent them; for those whom you once deceive will beware of you the second time. Deal uprightly with all men, and they will repose confidence in you.

Be wary of him who is an office seeker. Men do not usually want an office when they have any thing to do. A man's affairs are rather low, when he seeks office for support. Agree before hand with every man about to do a job, and, if large, put it into writing. If any decline this, quit or be cheated.

Though you want a job ever so much, make all sure of the consent; and in case all doubtful, make sure of a guaranty. Be afraid to ask it—is the best test of responsibility; for, if offence be taken, you have escaped a loss.—Milton in Paro.

THE QUEEN'S MOTHER. The Duchess of Kent, Queen Victoria's mother, being left a widow when her daughter was only eight months old, devoted herself to the great purpose of training her to be worthy of the crown.

She nursed her infant at her own breast—always attended its bathing and dressing; and as soon as the little girl could sit alone, she was placed at a small table beside her mother's at her meals, yet never indulged in any except the prescribed simple kinds of food: thus early being taught obedience, temperance, and self-control.

Her father having died in debt, her mother encouraged her to lay aside money which might have been expended in the purchase of toys, as a fund to pay the demands against him, thus cultivating the virtues of justice, fortitude, fidelity, prudence and filial devotion. Thus, through the whole period of her education, the counsels and example of her faithful mother, who was her sole guardian, were constantly directed towards fitting her daughter to become what she is—the best sovereign, morally speaking, that ever sat on the throne of England—perhaps the best in the world.

It is pleasant to add to the above—which we extract from an old church paper—that the Duchess of Kent was a receiver of the heavenly doctrines of the New Jerusalem; and that they were her guide and her light in so educating her daughter "Victoria that she is perhaps the best sovereign in the world."

A young lady says: "When I go to a Theatre I am very careless of my dress, as the audience are too attentive to the play to observe my wardrobe; but when I go to Church I am very particular in my outward appearance, as most people go there to see how their neighbors dress and deport themselves. A pretty home-thrust—wonder how many that cap fits."

SUPERIOR SCOTT FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned wishing to remove from this State, offers for sale his farm consisting of

270 Acres of first rate Land, [100 acres in timber.] lying on the Georgetown and South Elkhorn Turnpike, about 6 miles south of Georgetown, and within 600 yards of Payne's Depot, on the Lexington and Louisville railroad. The balance in a fine state of cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Cottage Building, well watered, and a fine young ORCHARD, hedged with Orange Orange.

Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine the premises, as I am determined to sell.

JOHN A. WILSON.
Nov. 23, 1854-37-41.

POST OFFICE STAMPS. TO POST MASTERS.—The advertiser, Postmaster at Pleasant Grove, Allegheny county, Maryland, is the first person in the United States who conceived and undertook exclusively to publish, the idea of furnishing all post offices in the country with cheap stamps. All stamps made by him are warranted equal or superior to any other that can be procured for the same price, and whenever any are sent out in any manner defective or unsatisfactory, duplicates will be forwarded on notice without extra charge. All who order a full set of changes for dates, only Two Dollars (for thirty pieces), shall be kept in stamps, additions.—Full set with change One Dollar.

The stamps are neatly made, with turned handles and screws, same style as the regular post office stamps; durable, efficient, warrantable, one or two dollars only, and special authority to sell by mail free.

Address, Pleasant Grove, Allegheny county, Maryland. Publishing the above (with this notice) three times, and sending a copy of the paper, shall receive credit for ten dollars in wood letter, or a ten dollar proof press, or if preferred a wood engraving or an engraved newspaper hand, of the above value will be forwarded.

November 25, '54-31.

SCOTT FARM FOR SALE.

HAVING determined to move west, I offer for sale my farm, lying immediately on the waters of North Elkhorn, 6 miles west of Georgetown, 21 miles from the Great Rocking, 14 miles from the Georgetown and Lexington turnpike, half mile from the Georgetown and Lexington turnpike, and adjoining Richmond Cason, Leonidas Johnson, E. H. Parish, (the late residence of Major B. Williams), and the noted Blue Spring farm. Said farm contains

286 ACRES, and in a fine state of cultivation. About one half is most splendid hemp land, the balance good grain and grass land. One hundred acres are finely timbered as any land in Ky., principally burr oak, black walnut, white ash, honey locust and sugar tree. There are several never failing springs one of which is extra drinking water, and would supply ten families. Two large APPLE ORCHARDS, and other fruit trees.

A robust and comfortable dwelling, stone negro houses, two large hemp houses, large barn, shedded on three sides, a first rate corn crib, shedded also; large stables, carriage house, &c. &c. Saw and Grind mill convenient. BEVERLY BRANHAM
Nov. 30, 1854-38-41.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

AS Administrators of Joseph Barnett, dec'd, we will on Saturday, 23d of December, sell at Public Auction, on the premises, the Farm belonging to the estate of said decedent, consisting of

110 ACRES OF FIRST RATE LAND, lying in Harrison county, about half a mile above Lee's Lick. The improvements are a comfortable log House, Stable, Barn and other out buildings; never failing supply of stock water and a fine spring near the dwelling. Also, at the same place,

17 Likely Negroes, consisting of MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN. Two first rate [woolen] Factory Hands who have been in the employ of L. C. Sheadman for several years. They are in his employ now and in their prime. MASON is about 24 and CHARLES about 22 years of age. DAVE, also a brother of Charles and Mason, a first rate farm hand, aged about 20; ELLEN, sister to the above named boys, a first rate house servant, about 20 or 21 years of age, with one child and a fine prospect.

Also a Good Woman about 45 years of age, with a child about two years. Also an old woman and man of about 45 years of age and several likely boys and girls.

TERMS.—The land will be sold on a credit of 6, 12 and 24 months. The Negroes will be sold on a credit of six months. Bond and approved security will be required in each instance, and no property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with. Possession of the farm will be given on the 1st of March, 1855; a lien upon which will be taken. Sale to take place at 10 o'clock.

L. B. OFFUT, Auc'r.
REASON V. SOWARD, } Adm'rs.
J. E. HOLDING, }
Nov. 30, 1854-38-41.

PERHAM'S THIRD GIFT ENTERPRISE.

60,000 Tickets already Sold. CALL FOR FINAL Mass Meeting of Shareholders. To determine on the disposition of the GIFT PROPERTY To the Shareholders.

At a meeting of the Shareholders in Perham's Third Gift Enterprise held on the 27th of July, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved.—That so soon as it is ascertained that 80,000 of the Gift Tickets issued by Mr. Perham in his third enterprise are sold, the Committee shall call the shareholders together at the most convenient place, for the purpose of instructing said Committee in regard to the manner of disposing of the Gift Property."

Having learned from Mr. Perham that 60,000 of said tickets were sold, and that in all probability the remaining 20,000 called for by the above resolution, would be sold by the first day of January next, we have determined in accordance with the above opinion, to call a MASS MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS, at some place to be hereafter named, on the 17th day of January, 1855, for the purpose designated by the resolution.

ROBERT BEATTY, Jr., } COMMITTEE.
J. T. LATHROP, }
B. S. ADAMS, }

IF 100,000 Tickets Only at \$1 each will be sold. Each Ticket will admit FOUR PERSONS, all at once, or portions at different times to

Perham's Burlesque Opera House, 663 Broadway New York. Or to his other Entertainments, in various parts of the country.—Each purchaser of one of these tickets will receive a certificate entitling them to one share in 100,000 COSTLY & VALUABLE GIFTS; a list of which has already been published. Persons can obtain the same in circular form, by addressing a note to the proprietor.

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Each person who sends at one time one hundred dollars, will have sent in like manner ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN TICKETS. ETS. And for all larger sums in exact proportion. If it should happen that all the Tickets are sold when the order is received, the money will be returned at our expense for postage. All orders for Tickets should be addressed to

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TERMS.—The land will be sold on a credit of 6, 12 and 24 months. The Negroes will be sold on a credit of six months. Bond and approved security will be required in each instance, and no property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with. Possession of the farm will be given on the 1st of March, 1855; a lien upon which will be taken. Sale to take place at 10 o'clock.

L. B. OFFUT, Auc'r.
REASON V. SOWARD, } Adm'rs.
J. E. HOLDING, }
Nov. 30, 1854-38-41.

PERHAM'S THIRD GIFT ENTERPRISE.

60,000 Tickets already Sold. CALL FOR FINAL Mass Meeting of Shareholders. To determine on the disposition of the GIFT PROPERTY To the Shareholders.

At a meeting of the Shareholders in Perham's Third Gift Enterprise held on the 27th of July, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved.—That so soon as it is ascertained that 80,000 of the Gift Tickets issued by Mr. Perham in his third enterprise are sold, the Committee shall call the shareholders together at the most convenient place, for the purpose of instructing said Committee in regard to the manner of disposing of the Gift Property."

Having learned from Mr. Perham that 60,000 of said tickets were sold, and that in all probability the remaining 20,000 called for by the above resolution, would be sold by the first day of January next, we have determined in accordance with the above opinion, to call a MASS MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS, at some place to be hereafter named, on the 17th day of January, 1855, for the purpose designated by the resolution.

ROBERT BEATTY, Jr., } COMMITTEE.
J. T. LATHROP, }
B. S. ADAMS, }

IF 100,000 Tickets Only at \$1 each will be sold. Each Ticket will admit FOUR PERSONS, all at once, or portions at different times to

Perham's Burlesque Opera House, 663 Broadway New York. Or to his other Entertainments, in various parts of the country.—Each purchaser of one of these tickets will receive a certificate entitling them to one share in 100,000 COSTLY & VALUABLE GIFTS; a list of which has already been published. Persons can obtain the same in circular form, by addressing a note to the proprietor.

NOW'S THE TIME TO PURCHASE TICKETS. In order that the 100,000 Tickets may be disposed of by the time specified, the subscriber offers the following inducement for persons to get up Clubs. Each person who gets up a club of ten subscribers, and forwards [10] ten dollars to this office, will receive by Mail or other Conveyance ELEVEN TICKETS.

Each person who sends at one time one hundred dollars, will have sent in like manner ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN TICKETS. ETS. And for all larger sums in exact proportion. If it should happen that all the Tickets are sold when the order is received, the money will be returned at our expense for postage. All orders for Tickets should be addressed to

JOSHUA PERHAM, 663 Broadway, N. Y. IF My Fourth Enterprise will be advertised as soon as the third one is closed. The Tickets are already printed. December 14, 1854, 40-51.

SCOTT FARM FOR SALE.

HAVING determined to move west, I offer for sale my farm, lying immediately on the waters of North Elkhorn, 6 miles west of Georgetown, 21 miles from the Great Rocking, 14 miles from the Georgetown and Lexington turnpike, half mile from the Georgetown and Lexington turnpike, and adjoining Richmond Cason, Leonidas Johnson, E. H. Parish, (the late residence of Major B. Williams), and the noted Blue Spring farm. Said farm contains

286 ACRES, and in a fine state of cultivation. About one half is most splendid hemp land, the balance good grain and grass land. One hundred acres are finely timbered as any land in Ky., principally burr oak, black walnut, white ash, honey locust and sugar tree. There are several never failing springs one of which is extra drinking water, and would supply ten families. Two large APPLE ORCHARDS, and other fruit trees.

A robust and comfortable dwelling, stone negro houses, two large hemp houses, large barn, shedded on three sides, a first rate corn crib, shedded also; large stables, carriage house, &c. &c. Saw and Grind mill convenient. BEVERLY BRANHAM
Nov. 30, 1854-38-41.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

AS Administrators of Joseph Barnett, dec'd, we will on Saturday, 23d of December, sell at Public Auction, on the premises, the Farm belonging to the estate of said decedent, consisting of

110 ACRES OF FIRST RATE LAND, lying in Harrison county, about half a mile above Lee's Lick. The improvements are a comfortable log House, Stable, Barn and other out buildings; never failing supply of stock water and a fine spring near the dwelling. Also, at the same place,

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